

DPA-Q 4-Channel Amplifier Current Draw—120 VAC

September 2019

"Current draw" is the amount of AC current an amplifier demands while it is operating. Measurements are provided for various loads at idle, all mute, standby, 1/8 of average full power, and 1/3 of average full power, with all channels driven simultaneously. The figures shown on this sheet are for 120 VAC usage; for 230- and 100-volt operation, see the companion sheets. For typical usage, use the idle and 1/8 power figures.

Standby

Mute

Idle

Where an asterisk (*) appears, the data was not available at press time. The designations "na" and "nr" respectively mean "not applicable" to the particular amplifier model and "not rated" for the particular load impedance. Bridged mono into 8 ohms is equivalent to 4 ohms per channel; into 4 ohms is equivalent to 2 ohms per channel.

1/3 Power

			Current draw when the amp is in standby.		Current draw at 1/8 of full power is measured with a pink noise signal. It approximates operating with music or voice with light clipping and represents the amplifier's typical "clean" maximum level, without audible clipping. Use these figures for typical maximum level operation.						Current draw at 1/3 of full power is measured with a 1 kHz sine wave signal. It approximates operating with music or voice with very heavy clipping and a very compressed dynamic range.					
		oltage or loa	ad per channe	:l ->	70V	100V	8Ω	4Ω	2Ω		70V	100V	8Ω	4Ω	2Ω	
Model	Amperes	Amperes	Amperes		Amperes	Amperes	Amperes	Amperes	Amperes		Amperes	Amperes	Amperes	Amperes	Amperes	
DPA-2K4Q, DPA-2K4Qn	0.9	0.7	0.5		3.4	3.4	3.4	3.3	4.1		6.4	6.3	6.6	7.2	8.0	
DPA-4K4Q, DPA-4K4Qn	0.9	0.7	0.5		4.4	4.4	4.4	4.7	5.1		9.3	9.0	9.3	9.7	10.7	
DPA-8K4Q, DPA-8K4Qn	1.6	0.8	0.7		8.9	8.7	8.7	8.9	9.7		19.1	18.0	18.9	19.1	20.7	

1/8 Power



DPA-Q 4-Channel Amplifier Current Draw—230 VAC

September 2019

"Current draw" is the amount of AC current an amplifier demands while it is operating. Measurements are provided for various loads at idle, all mute, standby, 1/8 of average full power, and 1/3 of average full power, with all channels driven simultaneously. The figures shown on this sheet are for 120 VAC usage; for 230- and 100-volt operation, see the companion sheets. For typical usage, use the idle and 1/8 power figures.

Standby

Mute

Idle

Where an asterisk (*) appears, the data was not available at press time. The designations "na" and "nr" respectively mean "not applicable" to the particular amplifier model and "not rated" for the particular load impedance. Bridged mono into 8 ohms is equivalent to 4 ohms per channel; into 4 ohms is equivalent to 2 ohms per channel.

1/3 Power

	draw at idle or with very low signal level.	all channels	draw when the amp is in standby.		approximates operating with music or voice with light clipping and represents the amplifier's typical "clean" maximum level, without audible clipping. Use these figures for typical maximum level operation.						current draw at 1/3 of full power is measured with a 1 kHz sine wave signal. It approximates operating with music or voice with very heavy clipping and a very compressed dynamic range.				
		oltage or lo	ad per chann	el ->	70V	100V	8Ω	4Ω	2Ω		70V	100V	8Ω	4Ω	2Ω
Model	Amperes	Amperes	Amperes		Amperes	Amperes	Amperes	Amperes	Amperes		Amperes	Amperes	Amperes	Amperes	Amperes
DPA-2K4Q, DPA-2K4Qn	0.6	0.5	0.4		1.8	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.3		3.3	3.3	3.4	3.8	4.1
DPA-4K4Q, DPA-4K4Qn	0.6	0.5	0.4		2.4	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.7		4.8	4.5	4.6	4.8	5.3
DPA-8K4Q, DPA-8K4Qn	0.9	0.6	0.5		4.8	4.6	4.6	4.8	5.3		4.8	4.6	9.2	9.7	10.5

1/8 Power



DPA-Q 4-Channel Amplifier Current Draw—100 VAC

September 2019

"Current draw" is the amount of AC current an amplifier demands while it is operating. Measurements are provided for various loads at idle, all mute, standby, 1/8 of average full power, and 1/3 of average full power, with all channels driven simultaneously. The figures shown on this sheet are for 120 VAC usage; for 230- and 100-volt operation, see the companion sheets. For typical usage, use the idle and 1/8 power figures.

Where an asterisk (*) appears, the data was not available at press time. The designations "na" and "nr" respectively mean "not applicable" to the particular amplifier model and "not rated" for the particular load impedance. Bridged mono into 8 ohms is equivalent to 4 ohms per channel; into 4 ohms is equivalent to 2 ohms per channel.

Idle	Mute	Standby	
Current	Current	Current	Current draw
draw at idle	draw when	draw when	approximates
or with very	all channels	the amp is in	represents the
low signal	are muted.	standby.	clipping. Use
level.			

1/8 Power
Current draw at 1/8 of full power is measured with a pink noise signal. It approximates operating with music or voice with light clipping and represents the amplifier's typical "clean" maximum level, without audible clipping. Use these figures for typical maximum level operation.

1/3 Power

Current draw at 1/3 of full power is measured with a 1 kHz sine wave signal. It approximates operating with music or voice with very heavy clipping and a very compressed dynamic range.

	١	oltage or loa	ad per channel	->	70V	100V	8Ω	4Ω	2Ω
Model	Amperes	Amperes	Amperes		Amperes	Amperes	Amperes	Amperes	Amperes
DPA-2K4Q, DPA-2K4Qn	1.1	8.0	0.5		4.1	4.1	4.1	3.9	4.9
DPA-4K4Q, DPA-4K4Qn	1.1	8.0	0.6		5.3	5.2	5.3	5.6	6.1
DPA-8K4Q, DPA-8K4Qn	1.9	0.9	0.8		10.6	10.4	10.4	10.6	11.6

70V	100V	8Ω	4Ω	2Ω
Amperes	Amperes	Amperes	Amperes	Amperes
7.5	7.5	7.9	8.7	9.6
11.1	10.7	11.1	11.7	12.8
10.6	10.4	21.6	22.9	24.8